Research in Action March 9th, 2021

The Do's and Don'ts of Healthy Brain Aging



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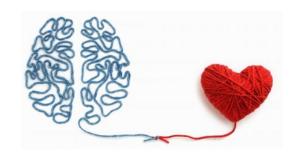
The Center for Healthy Aging

(healthyaging.psu.edu)

Scholarship that promotes lifelong health and well -being



Today's Goals



Current Trends in Brain Health (bad news/good news)



2 brain health strategies that I prefer (paper and pen for a check-up later!)



Take home message and discussion

None of this is medical advice!





Prioritize facts, but listen to <u>informed</u> opinions

Your situation is unique



Brain Health and Dementia Prevention





Bad news about our brain health



Approved drugs help with symptoms, but not underlying disease There are no effective preventive treatments for brain health



Supplements are not regulated as therapeutics (only as food!)

Class action suit against makers of Prevagen

Who's Eligible

Individuals who purchased one or more Prevagen products from a Quincy Bioscience or an authorized retailer between Jan. 1, 2007 and July 21, 2020.

Potential Award

30% cash refunds of up to \$70.



Which supplements for brain health?





None!

Supplements *may* work, but there is no evidence





Fish intake \(\psi \) risk for cognitive decline Omega-3 supplements don't help



Waiting for a pill to prevent dementia?



You are in for a long wait...



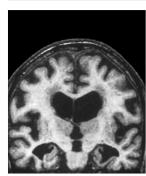
Good news: Rates of Dementia Are Decreasing!

The New York Times

HEALTH

U.S. Dementia Rates Are Dropping Even as Population Ages

By GINA KOLATA NOV. 21, 2016



A MRI scan of the brain of a 64-year-old patient showing evidence of Alzheimer's disease. Zephyr/Science Source

Despite fears that dementia rates were going to explode as the population grows older and fatter, and has more diabetes and high blood pressure, a large nationally representative survey has found the reverse. Dementia is actually on the wane. And when people do get dementia, they get it at older and older ages.

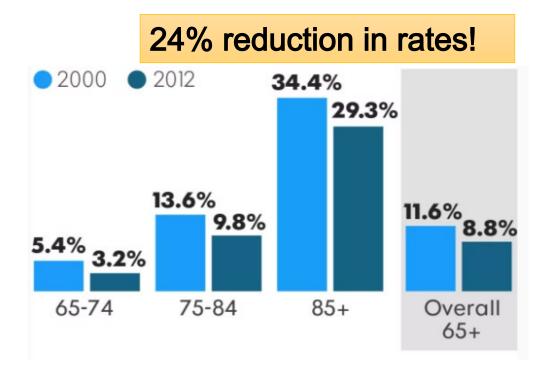
Previous <u>studies</u> found the same trend but involved much smaller and less diverse populations like the mostly white population of Framingham, Mass., and residents of a few areas in England and Wales.







Dr. Langa



"Even without a breakthrough in medication...there are things we can do to decrease [dementia] risk."

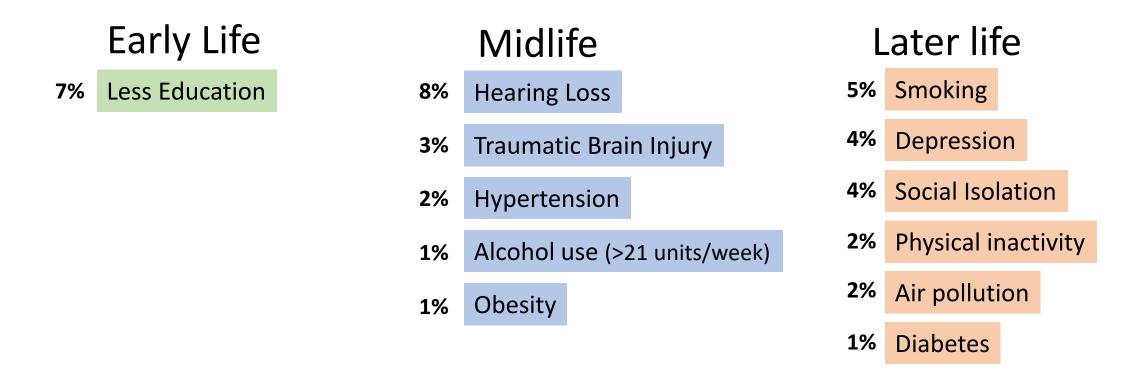
https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jamainternalmedicine/fullarticle/2587084





Dementia prevention, intervention, and care: 2020 report of the Lancet Commission

12 modifiable risk factors account for around 40% of worldwide dementia



Dementia prevention, intervention, and care: 2020 report of the *Lancet* Commission

12 modifiable risk factors account for around 40% of worldwide dementia

The remaining 60% may also be preventable



Six Pillars of Brain Health

(https://healthybrains.org/pillars/)



Physical Exercise (Get moving!)



Food & Nutrition (Eat smart!)



Mental Fitness (Use it or lost it!)



Social Interaction (Stay connected!)

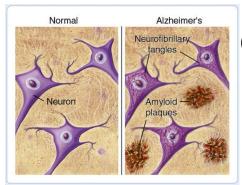


Sleep & Relax (Restore yourself!)



Medical Health (Control conditions!)

How might diet impact dementia risk?



Chronic Inflammation can "kick start" neurodegeneration

- Increases production of **beta-amyloid** in inflamed regions
- Reduces ability of microglia to "clear out" expelled waste
- Also linked to vascular dementia



High inflammatory diet: 27% ↑ in risk of cognitive impairment https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/25681666/



Low inflammatory diet: 50% ↓ in dementia incidence https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/28531379/



The Mediterranean Intervention for Neurodegenerative Delay

(The MIND diet)





The Mediterranean Intervention for Neurodegenerative Delay

(The MIND diet)

Give yourself 1 point for each YES

- •>= 3 servings of whole grains a day
- •Green leafy vegetables >= 6 times a week
- Other vegetables at least once a day
- •Berries >=2/week
- •Fish >=1/week
- •Poultry >= 2/week
- •Beans >=3/week
- •Nuts >5/week
- •Mainly olive oil for cooking
- •Red meat < 4/week
- •Fried or fast food < 1/week
- •<1 tablespoon of butter/day</p>
- •<1 serving of cheese/week</p>
- •<5 five pastries or sweets a week
- One glass of wine or other alcoholic drink a day

>=7.5 cut risk by dementia 50%

>=10 points: brains were 7.5 years younger

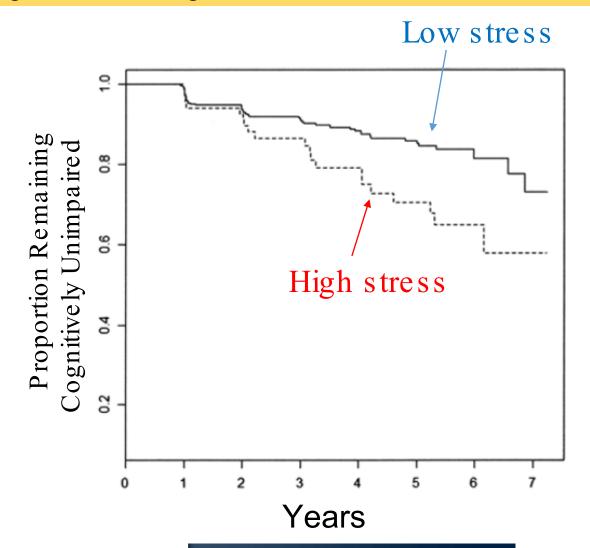




Chronic stress harms brain health

In people 70+, high stress lasting one month

doubled the risk of mild cognitive impairment



Work stress during midlife

- Risk of vascular dementia
- Faster cognitive decline





Stress affects our health behaviors



Neglect friends/ Self isolate



Poor diet

Stress promotes behaviors that increase risk for dementia (and other diseases)



"What fits your busy schedule better, exercising one hour a day or being dead 24 hours a day?"

Interfere with exercise



Evidence -based stress management



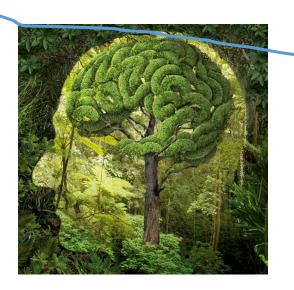
Practice Mindfulness



Volunteering /help others



Keep your pleasurable activities



Take a moment in nature

A room with a view....

Surgical patients randomly assigned a room during recovery...





Just viewing green space improved recovery



postoperative stays



↓ demand for potent pain meds

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/6143402/

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0272494405801847

Try taking your brain for a walk!



Immediate benefits to your brain!







- 1 Memory function (8 IQ points)
- ↑ Attention (10 IQ points)

Interacting with green space could be a "quick fix" to boost your brain function

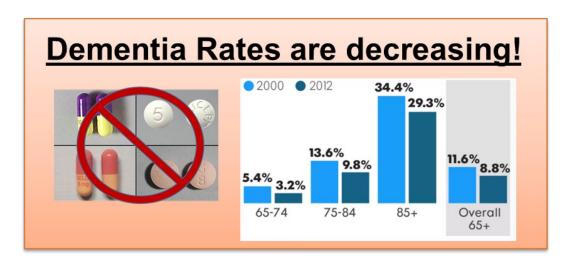


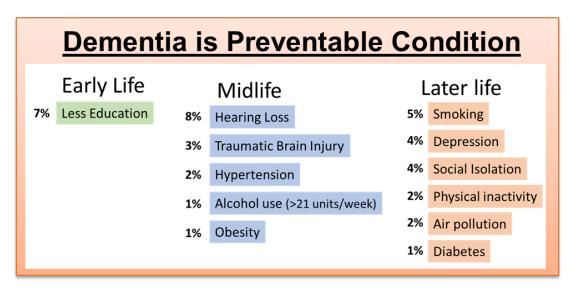
Longer term effects of proximity to green space

Proximity to roads is associated with \(\bar{\}\) risk for neurodegenerative conditions



Take Home Points











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THANK YOU!

